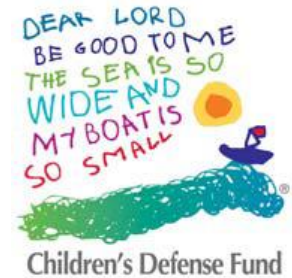


# Children's Defense Fund

## *Children in the States 2015: Notes and Sources*



### CHILD POPULATION

**Total Number of Children:** U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex, Age, Race and Hispanic Origin: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2014. 2014 Population Estimates." <http://www.census.gov/popest/data/national/asrh/2014/index.html>. Calculations by Children's Defense Fund.

### CHILD POVERTY

**Poor Children, number, percent, and ranking:** U.S. Census Bureau. 2015. "2014 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates," Tables B1700. Accessed via American FactFinder 2: <http://factfinder2.census.gov>. Calculations by Children's Defense Fund.

**Children in Extreme Poverty, number and percent:** U.S. Census Bureau. 2015. "2014 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates," Table B17024. Accessed via American FactFinder 2: <http://factfinder2.census.gov>. Calculations by Children's Defense Fund.

**Children of Color in Poverty:** U.S. Census Bureau. 2015. "2014 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates," Tables B17020H, B17020I, B17020B, B17020G, B17020D, B17020E, and B17020C. Accessed via American FactFinder 2: <http://factfinder2.census.gov>. Calculations by Children's Defense Fund.

### CHILD HUNGER AND HOMELESSNESS

**Homeless Children Enrolled in Public Schools:** National Center for Homeless Education at the SERVE Center. 2015. Consolidated State Performance Reports, <http://nchespp.serve.org/profile/National>.

**Number of Minimum Wage Jobs Necessary to Afford FMR:** National Low Income Housing Coalition. 2014. "Out of Reach 2014" State Summary Table and U.S. Statistics Summary, [http://nlihc.org/sites/default/files/oor/OOR2014\\_State-Summary.pdf](http://nlihc.org/sites/default/files/oor/OOR2014_State-Summary.pdf).

**Children Living in Food Insecure Households:** Feeding America. 2015. "Map the Meal Gap 2013 – Executive Summary," Table 9. <http://www.feedingamerica.org/hunger-in-america/our-research/map-the-meal-gap/2013/map-the-meal-gap-2013-exec-sum.pdf>

**Obese and Overweight Children, number, percent, and ranking:** National Survey of Children's Health. NSCH 2011/12. Data query from the Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative, Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health website. Retrieved 11/1/2013 from [www.childhealthdata.org](http://www.childhealthdata.org). <http://www.childhealthdata.org/browse/allstates?q=2462>.

**Children Receiving SNAP (Food Stamps):** Calculated by Children's Defense Fund based on:

- **SNAP Participation:** Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program. 2012. "Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013." Table B.14. <http://www.fns.usda.gov/sites/default/files/ops/Characteristics2013.pdf>.
- **Child Population:** U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex, Age, Race and Hispanic Origin: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2014. July 2013 Population Estimates." <http://www.census.gov/popest/data/national/asrh/2014/index.html>. Calculations by Children's Defense Fund.

**Children in the Summer Nutrition Programs (includes the Summer Food Service Program and Children receiving a Free or Reduced Price Lunch through the Seamless Summer Option of the National School Lunch Program):** FitzSimmons, C., S. Anderson, C. Hayes, M. Burke. 2015. Hunger Doesn't Take a Vacation: Summer Nutrition Status Report. Food Research and Action Center. Data are collected from the U.S. Department of Agriculture and an annual survey of state child nutrition officials conducted by FRAC. [http://frac.org/pdf/2015\\_summer\\_nutrition\\_report.pdf](http://frac.org/pdf/2015_summer_nutrition_report.pdf).

## CHILD HEALTH

**Children Enrolled in Medicaid and CHIP:** Statistical Enrollment Data Systems (SEDS) forms CMS-21E, CMS-64, CMS-64.21E, CMS-64.EC. 2014. "FY 2013 Number of Children Ever Enrolled in Medicaid and CHIP." <http://medicaid.gov/chip/downloads/fy-2013-childrens-ever-enrolled-report.pdf>.

**Medicaid and CHIP Participation Rates:** InsureKidsNow.gov. 2015. Medicaid and CHIP Participation Rates 2013. Based on Tabulations of the Urban Institute Health Policy Center's ACS Medicaid/CHIP Eligibility Simulation Model developed by Victoria Lynch under a grant from the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation based on American Community Survey (ACS) data from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series (IPUMS) from 2013.

**Number of Uninsured Children Eligible for Medicaid and CHIP:** Kenney G.M., Haley, J.M., Anderson, N. and Lynch, V. "Children Eligible for Medicaid or CHIP: Who Remains Uninsured, and Why?" January 2015. Urban Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. Table 1. [http://www.academicpedsjnl.net/article/S1876-2859\(15\)00010-8/abstract](http://www.academicpedsjnl.net/article/S1876-2859(15)00010-8/abstract).

**Uninsured Children, number, percent, and ranking:** U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Table S2701-Health Insurance Coverage Status, [http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS\\_12\\_1YR\\_S2701&prodType=table](http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_12_1YR_S2701&prodType=table).

## EARLY CHILDHOOD AND EDUCATION

**Ratio, Cost of Child Care vs. Cost of College:** Child Care Aware of America. 2014. "Parents and the High Cost of Child Care: 2014 Report." Appendix 6 <http://www.usa.childcareaware.org/advocacy/reports-research/costofcare/>.

**Children on Waiting Lists:** Schulman, K. and Blank, H.. 2014. "Turning the Corner: State Child Care Assistance Policies, 2014." National Women's Law Center. [http://www.nwlc.org/sites/default/files/pdfs/nwlc\\_2014statechildcareassistancereport-final.pdf](http://www.nwlc.org/sites/default/files/pdfs/nwlc_2014statechildcareassistancereport-final.pdf)

**3- and 4-year-olds Enrolled in Public or Private Preschool:** Annie E. Casey Foundation Kids Count Data Center. 2015. Children Ages 3 and 4 Not Enrolled In Preschool, 2011-2013. <http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/7188-children-ages-3-to-4-not-enrolled-in-preschool?loc=1&loct=1#detailed/1/any/false/995,932,757,470,116/any/14230,14231>.

**3- and 4-year-olds Not Enrolled in Preschool, by Poverty Status:** Annie E. Casey Foundation Kids Count Data Center. 2015. Children Ages 3 and 4 Not Attending Preschool, by Poverty Status, 2011-2013. <http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/7876-children-ages-3-and-4-not-attending-preschool-by-poverty-status?loc=1&loct=1#detailed/1/any/false/1218,1049,995,116/4172,4173/15190,15189>.

**Number of NIEER Quality Benchmarks Met:** National Institute of Early Education Research. 2014. "The State of Preschool 2014." [http://nieer.org/sites/nieer/files/Yearbook2014\\_full2\\_0.pdf](http://nieer.org/sites/nieer/files/Yearbook2014_full2_0.pdf). Note: Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Vermont, and Wisconsin offer more than one preschool program. The quality score is the average score across all programs in the state.

**Public School Students Reading Below Grade Level:** U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). "2013 Reading Assessment Report Card: Summary Data Tables with Additional Detail for Average Scores and Achievement Levels for States and Jurisdictions." [http://nationsreportcard.gov/reading\\_math\\_2013/files/Results\\_Appendix\\_Reading.pdf](http://nationsreportcard.gov/reading_math_2013/files/Results_Appendix_Reading.pdf). Note: "Below grade level" means below proficient.

**Public School Students Computing Below Grade Level:** U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). "2013 Mathematics Assessment Report Card: Summary Data Tables with Additional Detail for Average Scores and Achievement Levels for States and Jurisdictions." [http://nationsreportcard.gov/reading\\_math\\_2013/files/Results\\_Appendix\\_Math.pdf](http://nationsreportcard.gov/reading_math_2013/files/Results_Appendix_Math.pdf). Note: "Below grade level" means below proficient.

**Averaged Freshman Graduation Rate:** U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center of Education Statistics. Public High School Four-Year On-Time Graduation Rates and Event Dropout Rates: School Years 2010-11 and 2011-2012. Table 4. April 2014. <http://nces.ed.gov/pubs2014/2014391.pdf>

**Suspended Students, percentage and ranking:** Losen, D.J., Hodson, C., Keith, M.A., Morrison, K. and Belway S. 2015. "Are We Closing the School Discipline Gap?" The Center for Civil Rights Remedies at The Civil Rights Project. <http://civilrightsproject.ucla.edu/resources/projects/center-for-civil-rights-remedies/school-to-prison-folder/federal-reports/are-we-closing-the-school-discipline-gap>. Based on analysis of the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights, 2011-2012 Civil Rights Data Collection (CRDC). Note: Data for Hawaii and New York are excluded due to data reporting errors.

## **CHILDREN FACING SPECIAL RISKS**

**Abuse and Neglect:** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. 2015. "Child Maltreatment 2013," Table 3-3. Available at <http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/resource/child-maltreatment-2013>. Calculations by Children's Defense Fund.

**Children in Foster Care:** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Administration for Children and Families, Children's Bureau, "Foster Care FY2003-FY2012 Entries, Exits, and Numbers of Children In Care on the Last Day of Each Federal Fiscal Year," <http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/entryexit2012.pdf>. Calculations by Children's Defense Fund.

**Juvenile Arrests:** Puzzanchera, C. and Kang, W. (2014). "Easy Access to FBI Arrest Statistics 1994-2012." <http://www.ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezaucr/>. Juvenile arrest rates are not included for states with data coverage rates below 90 percent, including Alabama, Alaska, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Louisiana, Mississippi, Ohio, Washington and the District of Columbia.

**Children and Youth in Residential Placement:** Sickmund, M., Sladky, T.J., Kang, W., and Puzzanchera, C. (2015) "Easy Access to the Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement, 1997-2013." <http://www.ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezacjrp/>.

**Children in Adult Jails:** Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Prisoner Statistics Program. "Reported number of inmates under age 18 held in custody in federal or state prisons, December 31, 2000-2013." Generated using the Corrections Statistical Analysis Tool at [www.bjs.gov](http://www.bjs.gov).

**Ratio, Cost Per Prisoner vs. Cost Per Pupil:** Calculations by Children's Defense Fund for fiscal year 2012 using the following:

- **Prison Expenditures:** U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Justice Expenditure and Employment Extracts, "Table 10. Detail of direct expenditure for correctional activities of state governments by character and object, fiscal year 2012 (preliminary)," June 2015, <http://www.bjs.gov/index.cfm?ty=pbdetail&iid=5239>(Direct).
- **Number of Prisoners:** U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, "Inmates in custody of state or federal correctional facilities, including private prison facilities, December 31, 1999-2013," July 9, 2015, <http://www.bjs.gov/index.cfm?ty=nps>.
- **Spending per Pupil:** U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data (CCD), National Public Education Financial Survey, 2011-2012. "Table 236.65. Current expenditure per pupil in fall enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by state or jurisdiction, Selected years, 1969-70 through 2011-2012," July 2015, [http://nces.ed.gov/programs/digest/d14/tables/dt14\\_236.65.asp](http://nces.ed.gov/programs/digest/d14/tables/dt14_236.65.asp).

**Gun Violence:** Center for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics. 2013. Accessed using the WONDER Online Database. <http://wonder.cdc.gov/ucd-icd10.html>. Calculations by Children's Defense Fund. Children and teens are ages 0-19 inclusive. Total deaths include homicides, suicides, accidents, and undetermined but exclude deaths from legal intervention.